CQ13-1 (GRADE)

- P: Patients in intensive care unit
- E: Glucometer (capillary blood)

study

- C: Arterial blood gas analyzer (arterial/ venous blood), glucometer (arterial/ venous blood)
 O: Mortality, infection, hypoglycemia, significantly outside the acceptable range

			Certainty assessment				Nº of p	patients	Effec	t		
№ of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	glucometer (capillary blood)	Blood gas analyzer (arterial/ venous blood)	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute (95% CI)	Certainty	Importance
nificantly	outside the accep	otable range										
3	observational study	not serious	not serious	not serious	not serious	none	79/1888 (4.2%)	2/912 (0.2%)	RR 21.56 (6.15 to 75.57)	45 more per 1,000 (from 11 more to 164 more)	⊕⊕⊕ High	CRITICAL
terial b	olood gas ar	nalyzer (arter	ial/ venous bl	ood) vs gluce	ometer (arter	ial/ venous blood)						
			Certainty a	ssessment			Nº of p	patients	Effec	t		
№ of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Blood gas analyzer (arterial/ venous blood)	Glucometer (arterial/ venous blood)	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute (95% CI)	Certainty	Importance
gnificantly	outside the accep	otable range										
5	observational study	not serious	not serious	not serious	serious	none	3/1232 (0.2%)	38/3089 (1.2%)	RR 0.18 (0.03 to 1.02)	10 fewer per 1,000 (from 12 fewer to 0 fewer)	⊕⊕⊕ Moderate	CRITICAL
lucome	ter (arterial/	venous bloc	od) vs glucom	neter (capillar	v blood)		•			1		
	(ssessment	,		№ of patients Effect					
№ of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Glucometer (capillary blood)	Glucometer (arterial/ venous blood)	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute (95% CI)	Certainty	Importance
gnificantly	outside the accep	otable range										
8	observational study	not serious	not serious	not serious	not serious	none	249/2759 (9.0%)	164/3165 (5.2%)	RR 2.11 (1.23 to 3.59)	58 more per 1,000 (from 12 more to 134 more)	⊕⊕⊕ _{High}	CRITICAL
rterial b	olood gas ar	nalyzer/ gluco	ometer (arteri	al/ venous blo	ood) vs glucc	ometer (capillary blo	od)					
			Certainty a	ssessment			Nº of p	patients	Effect			
№ of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	glucometer (capillary blood)	Blood gas analyzer/ glucometer (arterial/ venous blood)	Relative (95% CI)	Absolute (95% CI)	Certainty	Importance
nificantly	outside the accep	otable range										
3	observational	not serious	not serious	not serious	not serious	none	79/1888 (4.2%)	30/3187 (0.9%)	RR 5.12	39 more per	$\oplus \oplus \oplus \oplus$	CRITICAL

(2.47 to 10.59)

1,000

(from 14 more to 90 more)

	JUDGEMENT									
PROBLEM	No	Probably no	Probably yes	Yes		Varies	Don't know			
DESIRABLE EFFECTS	Trivial	Small	Moderate	Large		Varies	Don't know			
UNDESIRABLE EFFECTS	Large	Moderate	Small	Trivial		Varies	Don't know			
CERTAINTY OF EVIDENCE	Very low	Low	Moderate	High			No included studies			
VALUES	Important uncertainty or variability	Possibly important uncertainty or variability	Probably no important uncertainty or variability	No important uncertainty or variability						
BALANCE OF EFFECTS	Favors the comparison	Probably favors the comparison	Does not favor either the intervention or the comparison	Probably favors the intervention	Favors the intervention	Varies	Don't know			
ACCEPTABILITY	No	Probably no	Probably yes	Yes		Varies	Don't know			
FEASIBILITY	No	Probably no	Probably yes	Yes		Varies	Don't know			

CQ13-2 (GRADE)

Mortality

Estimates of effects, credible intervals, and certainly of the evidence for blood sugar level in septic patients.

Frequency NMA-SoF table

BENEFITS

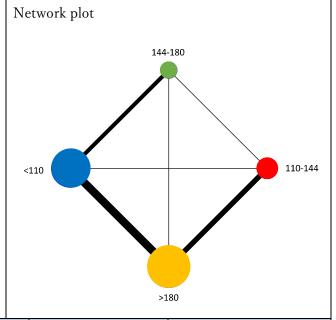
Patients or population: septic patients

Interventions: One of the following oxygen therapies: <110, 110-144, 144-180, >180

Comparator (reference): One of the other therapies other than the therapy included in intervention

Outcome: Short-term mortality

Setting: In-hospital



Total studies: R		Relative effect	Antici	pated absolute effect (95% Cl)	Certainly of the	Ranking	Interpretation of Findings
Т	otal Patients:	(95% CI)	Without intervention	With intervention Difference		evidence	(SUCRA)	
	>180 (12 RCT; 8,027 participants)	1.01 (0.95 to 1.08) Network estimate	432 per 1000	436 per 1000	4 more per 1000 (22 fewer to 35 more)	ФФФ High	4 (16.5)	-
	144-180 (5 RCT; 7,323 participants)	0.90 (0.83 to 0.97) Network estimate	267 per 1000	240 per 1000	27 fewer per 1000 (45 fewer to 8 fewer)	ФФФ High	1 (81.0)	-

110-144 (1 RCT; 90 participants)	0.88 (0.71 to 1.09) Network estimate Reference comparator	333 per 1000 No estimable	293 per 1000 No estimable	40 fewer per 1000 (100 fewer to 30 more)	⊕⊕⊕○ Moderate -	2 (77.4) 3 (25.1)	-
>180 (8 RCT; 884 participants)	1.14 (0.93 to 1.40) Network estimate	202 per 1000	230 per 1000	28 more per 1000 (14 fewer to 81 more)	⊕⊕⊕○ Moderate	-	-
144-180 (1 RCT; 20 participants)	1.01 (0.81 to 1.27) Network estimate	545 per 1000	551 per 1000	6 more per 1000 (104 fewer to 147 more)	ФФФ High		
110-144	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	-	-
>180 (1 RCT; 212 participants)	1.13 (1.02 to 1.25) Network estimate	10 per 1000	11 per 1000	1 more per 1000 (0 more to 3 more)	⊕⊕⊕○ Moderate		
144-180	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	-	-

Infection

Estimates of effects, credible intervals, and certainly of the evidence for blood sugar level in septic patients.

Frequency NMA-SoF table

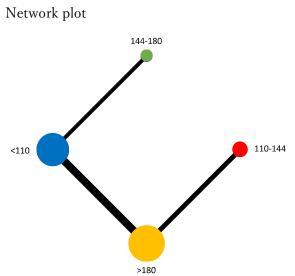
BENEFITS

Patients or population: septic patients

Interventions: One of the following oxygen therapies: <110, 110-144, 144-180, >180

Comparator (reference): One of the other therapies other than the therapy included in intervention

Outcome: Infection Setting: In-hospital



Т	otal studies:	Relative effect	Antic	ipated absolute effect (95% Cl	(I)	Certainly of the	Ranking	Interpretation of Findings
Т	otal Patients:	(95% CI)	Without intervention	With intervention	Difference	evidence	(SUCRA)	
	>180 (8 RCT; 6,104 participants)	1.15 (1.05 to 1.26) Direct estimate	167 per 1000	192 per 1000	25 more per 1000 (8 more to 43 more)	⊕⊕○○ Low	4 (12.2)	-
	144-180 (3 RCT; 6,185 participants)	0.96 (0.86 to 1.07) Direct estimate	136 per 1000	131 per 1000	5 fewer per 1000 (19 fewer to 10 more)	⊕⊕○○ Low	3 (49.7)	-
	110-144 (no direct comparison)	0.94 (0.75 to 1.16) Indirect estimate	no direct comparison	no direct comparison	no direct comparison	⊕○○ Very low	1 (83.2)	

<]	110	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	2 (54.9)	-
(5	180 5 RCT; 485 articipants)	1.23 (1.01 to 1.50) Direct estimate	269 per 1000	331 per 1000	62 more per 1000 (3 more to 135 more)	⊕⊕○○ Low	-	-
(n	44-180 no direct omparison)	1.03 (0.80 to 1.31) Indirect estimate	no direct comparison	no direct comparison	no direct comparison	⊕⊕○○ Low		
11	10-144	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	-	-
(n	180 no direct omparison)	1.20 (1.04 to 1.38) Indirect estimate	no direct comparison	no direct comparison	no direct comparison	⊕○○○ Very low		
14	44-180	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	-	-

Hypoglycemia

Estimates of effects, credible intervals, and certainly of the evidence for blood sugar level in septic patients.

Frequency NMA-SoF table

BENEFITS

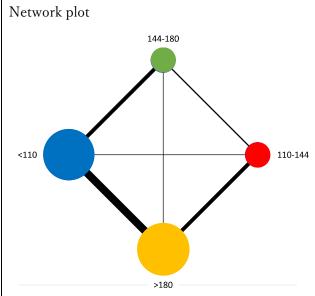
Patients or population: septic patients

Interventions: One of the following oxygen therapies: <110, 110-144, 144-180, >180

Comparator (reference): One of the other therapies other than the therapy included in intervention

Outcome: Hypoglycemia

Setting: In-hospital



Total studies: Relative effe		Relative effect	Antic	ipated absolute effect (95% CI)	Certainly of the	Ranking	Interpretation of Findings
Total Patients:		(95% CI)	Without intervention With intervention		Difference	evidence	(SUCRA)	
	>180 (12 RCT; 8,342 participants)	0.55 (0.50 to 0.60) Network estimate	188 per 1000	103 per 1000	85 fewer per 1000 (94 fewer to 75 fewer)	⊕⊕⊕ High	2 (74.9)	-
	144-180 (5 RCT; 7,331 participants)	0.17 (0.12 to 0.24) Network estimate	76 per 1000	13 per 1000	63 fewer per 1000 (67 fewer to 58 fewer)	⊕⊕○○ Low	1 (91.3)	-
	110-144 (1 RCT; 90	1.10 (0.69 to 1.77)	134 per 1000	147 per 1000	13 more per 1000 (42 fewer to 103	⊕○○○ Very low	3 (30.3)	

participants)	Network estimate			more)					
<110	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	4 (3.6)	-		
>180 (7 RCT; 730 participants)	0.50 (0.31 to 0.79) Network estimate	175 per 1000	88 per 1000	88 fewer per 1000 (121 fewer to 37 fewer)	⊕⊕○○ Low	-	-		
144-180 (1 RCT; 302 participants)	0.16 (0.09 to 0.27) Network estimate	79 per 1000	13 per 1000	66 fewer per 1000 (72 fewer to 58 fewer)	⊕⊕⊕○ Moderate				
110-144	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	-	-		
>180 (1 RCT; 212 participants)	3.17 (2.23 to 4.46) Network estimate	0 per 1000	0 per 1000	0 more per 1000 (0 more to 0 more)	⊕⊕⊕ High				
144-180	Reference comparator	No estimable	No estimable	No estimable	-	-	-		

	JUDGEMENT									
PROBLEM	No	Probably no	Probably yes	Yes		Varies	Don't know			
DESIRABLE EFFECTS	Trivial	Small	Moderate	Large		Varies	Don't know			
UNDESIRABLE EFFECTS	Large	Moderate	Small	Trivial		Varies	Don't know			
CERTAINTY OF EVIDENCE	Very low	Low	Moderate	High			No included studies			
VALUES	Important uncertainty or variability	Possibly important uncertainty or variability	Probably no important uncertainty or variability	No important uncertainty or variability						
BALANCE OF EFFECTS	Favors the comparison	Probably favors the comparison	Does not favor either the intervention or the comparison	Probably favors the intervention	Favors the intervention	Varies	Don't know			
ACCEPTABILITY	No	Probably no	Probably yes	Yes		Varies	Don't know			
FEASIBILITY	No	Probably no	Probably yes	Yes		Varies	Don't know			